Amdt. Dated Dec 5, 2005

Reply of Office action of Aug. 8, 2005

Amendments to the Specification:

Please modify paragraph [0006] as follows:

Delete the first sentence

Please replace paragraph [0013] with the following amended paragraph:

[0013] As used in this invention, the term "boron-containing fungicide" includes

calcium borate, zinc borate, and boric acid. The calcium borate which can be used in the

method of this invention may be any of the borate compounds containing calcium, boron,

and oxygen. The calcium borates include the calcium polytriborates, with a CaO:B.sub2

O.sub3 ratio of 2:3 and the calcium hexaborates with a CaO:Bsub2 O.sub.3 ratio of 1:3.

Calcium hexaborates include nobleite and gowerite. Optionally, calcium-sodium borates

and calcium-magnesium borates may be used; examples include ulexite, probertite and

hydroboracite. This includes calcium borates that may be synthetically produced or

naturally occurring borates including colemanite, ulexite, nobelite, hydroboracite, and

gowerite.

Please delete paragraph [0014]

Please renumber paragraph [0015] as [0014] amended as follows:

[0015] [0014] The exact particle size of the boron-containing fungicide is not eritical,

but the material must be of a size that can be dispersed uniformly throughout the

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lignocellulosic thermoplastic composite. Generally a mean particle size as large as 150

100 microns and as small as 1-micron 3 microns can be used. For best results the mean

particle size should be in the range of 40 20 microns to 5 microns.

Please renumber paragraph [0016] as [0015] amended as follows:

[0016] [0015] The amount of boron-containing fungicide incorporated into the

lignocellulosic thermoplastic composite will depend on the lignocellulosic content, the

longevity desired and the anticipated exposure to moisture. In general, when resistance

to decay caused by fungus is required, a range of about 0.2 to 5 4 percent by weight of

the fungicide is required. The preferred amount is about 0.3 to 2 percent. For

lignocellulosic loadings less than 60 percent and about 2 to 4 percent for lignocellulosic

loadings greater than 60 percent.

Please renumber paragraph [0017] as [0016] amended as follows:

0017 [0016] When resistance to visual impairment to the surface caused by mold is

required, the amount will be in the range of about 2 1.5 to 12 10 percent. The preferred

amount is about 3 to 5 percent.

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